

# **THE GAUHATI HIGH COURT AT GUWAHATI**

(The High Court of Assam, Nagaland, Mizoram and Arunachal Pradesh)

**For Direct Recruitment of LDA, LD Assistant, Copyist & Bench Clerk (Grade-III) for the Subordinate Courts of West Karbi Anglong, Dibrugarh & Kamrup (Rural)**

**Date: 05.05.2019 (Sunday)**

**Time: 10.00 AM to 12.00 PM**

**Duration: 2 Hours**

**Total Marks: 120**

**Number of pages in this booklet: 12**

**Number of questions in this booklet: 120**

**(Each question carries one mark. There is no negative marking)**

## **General English-49**

**Choose the correct meaning of the following Indian words used in English or vice/versa?**

1. Bund  
A. Band      B. Embankment      C. Strike      D. None of the above
2. Kachahri / Kicheri  
A. Market      B. Courthouse      C. Camp      D. None of the above
3. Riot  
A. Raiyat      B. Riayat      C. Ryat      D. None of the above
4. Sipahi  
A. Sepoy      B. Chapatti      C. None of the above      D. Both A and B
5. Lakh  
A. Lakh      B. Lax      C. Both of the above      D. None of the above

**Choose the correct meaning of the followings new words related to modern technology:-**

6. NETIZEN  
A. A person who runs an internet  
B. A person who spends excessive amount of time on the internet  
C. A person who is new to use of computers  
D. A person who is not used to internet
7. TECNOPLEGIC  
A. A person who is not very knowledgeable about modern technology and gadgets and is nervous about or reluctant in using it  
B. A person who is not very knowledgeable about modern technology and gadgets  
C. A person who has limited knowledge about modern technology and gadgets but shows himself as an expert  
D. None of the above
8. FLY-BY-WIRE  
A. Controlling the flight of an aircraft by means of a system that is computer generated

- B. Controlling the flight of an aircraft
  - C. An expert in computer programming and networking
  - D. None of the above
9. EMOTICON
- A. A symbol
  - B. A symbol made up of punctuation marks resembling human expressions
  - C. A symbol made up of actual figures representing messages hidden in it
  - D. None of the above
10. TECHNOLOGY BUTLER
- A. An expert in hotel designing
  - B. An expert programmer who specifically designs software of hotels
  - C. A member of the staff of a hotel whose job is to perform technical tasks and help guests with computer related problems
  - D. None of the above
11. Choose the correct option where 'a' is silent
- A. Taught      B. Cocoa      C. Lamb      D. None of the above
12. Choose the correct option where 'd' is silent
- A. Descend      B. Ledger      C. Design      D. None of the above
13. Choose the correct option where 's' is silent
- A. Aisle      B. Isle      C. Island      D. All the above
14. Choose the correct option where 'r' is silent
- A. Dwarf      B. Bright      C. Rogue      D. Psychiatry
15. Choose the correct option where 'w' is silent
- A. Writhe      B. Wren      C. Wrench      D. All the above
16. Choose the correct option where 'c' is silent
- A. Scissors      B. Czar      C. None of the above      D. Both A and B
17. Young ones of Deer are called.....
- A. Cygnet      B. Fawn      C. Foal      D. Pup
18. Young ones of Kangaroo are called.....
- A. Fry      B. Joey      C. Squab      D. None of the above
19. Young ones of Pigeon are called.....
- A. Fry      B. Joey      C. Squab      D. None of the above

20. Young ones of Bee are called.....  
 A. Puma      B. Larva      C. Leveret      D. None of the above
21. A place where aeroplanes are kept is called.....  
 A. Crèche      B. Hanger      C. Colt      D. None of the above
22. A place where bees are kept is called.....  
 A. Apiary      B. Convent      C. Form      D. None of the above
23. A place where pigs are kept is called.....  
 A. Sty      B. Jenny      C. Brute      D. Ewe
24. A number of swans are called.....  
 A. Bevy      B. Herd      C. Wedge      D. All the above
25. A number of snakes are called.....  
 A. Pit      B. Bed      C. Nest      D. All the above
26. A number of leopards are called.....  
 A. Congregation      B. Leap      C. Flock      D. None of the above
27. To upset the apple cart means.....  
 A. To cause problem for someone  
 B. To express contempt  
 C. To remain neutral  
 D. None of the above
28. To turn over a new leaf means.....  
 A. To suspect something  
 B. To rain heavily  
 C. Exert influence  
 D. To change one's behaviour completely for the better
29. To draw the line means.....  
 A. To set a goal  
 B. To set a limit  
 C. To start writing  
 D. None of the above
30. To be in the red means.....  
 A. To be undecided

- B. In debt or deficit
- C. To get very angry
- D. None of the above

31. Antonym of Extrinsic is....

- A. Severe      B. Shallow      C. Incidental      D. Inherent

32. Antonym of Incitement is....

- A. Turmoil      B. Stimulus      C. Calm      D. Excitement

33. Antonym of Ambiguity is....

- A. Contamination      B. Fester      C. Maturate      D. Transparency

34. Germ : Disease ::

- A. Doctor: Medicine
- B. Shop-keeper: Goods
- C. War: Destruction
- D. Ecology: Pollution

35. Immigration: Entrance::

- A. Emigration :Departure
- B. File:Knife
- C. Nest :Bird
- D. None of the above

**Choose the correct single words for the followings:-**

36. A door partly open

- A. Autocrat      B. Ajar      C. Circumnavigate      D. None of the above

37. Land growing nothing

- A. Fertile      B. Barren      C. Diluvia      D. Alluvial

38. One doing some special kind of work

- A. Conductor      B. Ambassador      C. Emissary      D. None of the above

39. Animals living on grass

- A. Herbivorous      B. Graminivorous      C. Grassyvorous      D. None of the above

40. An estate free of rent

- A. Rent free estate      B. Freehold      C. Lease land      D. None of the above

**Choose the correct appropriate prepositions:-**

41. Persist.....

- A. for      B. in      C. to      D. into

42. Irrespective.....

- A. To      B. in      C. of      D. None of the above

43. Replete....

- A. of      B. with      C. to      D. Into

44. Inured.....  
A. Of                      B. to                      C. as                      D. None of the above
45. Mindful.....  
A. Of                      B. to                      C. into                      D. For
46. Sick.....  
A. Of                      B. to                      C. into                      D. None of the above
47. Superior....  
A. To                      B. into                      C. In                      D. None of the above
48. Tamper.....  
A. Of                      B. into                      C. with                      D. None of the above
49. Void.....  
A. In                      B. of                      C. into                      D. None of the above

**General Knowledge with Computer Science-31**

50. What is the largest gland in endocrine system of human body?  
A. Thyroid      B. Lungs      C. Heart      D. None of the above
51. What is the normal body temperature of human?  
A. 97.4 Degree Fahrenheit    B. 98.4 Degree Fahrenheit    C. 99 Degree Fahrenheit  
D. None of the above
52. Typhoid is caused by.....  
A. Helminths    B. Bacteria    C. Fungi                      D. Protozoa
53. Who was popularly called as 'Lokapriya' is Assam?  
A. Dr. Bhupen Hazarika    B. Laxminath Bezbarua    C. Gopinath Bordoloi    D. None of the above
54. ....performed in the film-'The Great Dictator'.  
A. Ben Kinsley    B. Charlie Chaplin    C. Michel Douglas    D. None of the above
55. Who amongst the following discovered the sea route to Calicut from Western Europe?  
A. Vasco da Gama    B. Christian Barnard    C. Ludwig Van    D. None of the above
56. Who discovered the principle of buoyancy (law of floating)?  
A. Aryabhata    B. Saint Alphonsa    C. Archimedes    D. None of the above

57. Pandit Shiv Kumar Sharma is associated with.....
- A. Sarod      B. Santoor      C. Flute      D. None of the above
58. These are the examples of Block Mountains in India
- A. Garo and Khasi B. Aravallis and Nilgiris C. Vindhya and Satpuras D. Western and Eastern Ghats
59. Mulberry, Eri, Muga and Tussar are varieties of .....produced in India.
- A. Wool      B. Silk      C. Cotton      D. Jute
60. Part IV of the Constitution of India deals with.....
- A. Duties of Indian Citizen B. Directive Principles C. Structure of the Government  
D. Amendments
61. The draft proposal for a law is called ....
- A. Privilege      B. Motion      C. Ordinance      D. Bill
62. This Article empowers the President of India to declare emergency:
- A. Article 342      B. Article 345      C. Article 349      D. Article 352
63. A major population of Tai Phake tribe reside in.....
- A. Taiphake village      B. Namphake village      C. Hambrum Village      D. None of the above
64. Jaipur area of Naharkatia is known for it's.....
- A. Tigers      B. Rainforest      C. Wild bears      D. None of the above
65. Headquarter of West Karbi Anglong is.....
- A. Diphu      B. Hamren      C. Haflong      D. None of the above
66. Xuwori festival is celebrated in.....
- A. Diphu      B. Hamren      C. Boko      D. None of the above
67. Bhalukghata Satra, Haripur Satra and Chamaria Satra are situated in.....
- A. Majuli      B. Boko      C. Barpeta      D. None of the above
68. ....was one of the first persons to establish tea garden in Assam.
- A. John Brooklyn      B. Sir Albert Manthes      C. Maniram Dutta Baruah      D. None of the above
69. ....is the present Chief Election Commissioner of India.
- A. Mr. Sunil Arora      B. Mr. O.P.Rawat      C. Mr. Chandra Bhusan Kumar      D. None of the above
70. RSVP means.....
- A. Reserved for persons

- B. Respondus sue vou plat
- C. Respondez Sil Vous Plait
- D. None of the above

71. VAN means.....

- A. Virtual Area Network
- B. Visual Art Nomenclature
- C. Virtual Ariel Network
- D. None of the above

72. What is Peer-to-Peer?

- A. Two PCs connected together to share files or a printer
- B. One PC connected to two or more printers
- C. all PCs connected to a single printer
- D. None of the above

73. The domain .biz is for .....

- A. Name
- B. Business
- C. Jobs
- D. None of the above

74. Interpreter is used as a translator for.....

- A. Low Level Language
- B. High Level Language
- C. COBOL
- D. C

75. A digitizer converts.....input into digital input.

- A. Laser
- B. Digital
- C. Analog
- D. Complex

76. The binary equivalent of decimal no. 10 is.....

- A. 0010
- B. 10
- C. 1010
- D. 010

77. What does PC stand for?

- A. Program Changer
- B. Program Counter
- C. Performance Changer
- D. Performance Counter

78. What does USB stand for?

- A. Universal Signal Board
- B. Universal Signal Bus
- C. Universal Serial Bus
- D. Universal Serial Board

79. Examination of the programme step by step is called.....

- A. Controlling      B. Tracing      C. Stepping      D. Testing

80. Which of the following is not a data type?

- A. Symbolic Data    B. Alphanumeric Data    C. Numeric Data    D. Alphabetic Data

**General Aptitude-20**

**Find the next term in the series in 81 and 82 :-**

81. 3, 8, 13, 18,.....

- A. 23      B.28      C. 33      D.11

82. A, Z, C, Y, E, X, G,.....

- A. I      B. K      C. L      D. W

83. Jadu is 24 years older than his son Madhu. After 2 years, the age of Jadu will be double the age of Madhu. What is the present age of Madhu?

- A. 14    B.18      C.20      D.22

84.  $283 \times 56 + 252 = 20 \times ?$

- A. 803    B.805      C.806      D. None of the above

85.  $\frac{2}{3}$ <sup>rd</sup> of a number is 4 more than  $\frac{1}{6}$ <sup>th</sup> of the same number. What is the number?

- A. 6      B. 8      C. 36      D.24

86. Half percent, written as decimal, is

- A. 0.2    B.0.02      C. 0.005      D.0.05

87. Mr. X bought a bed and sold it at a loss of 20%. If he had bought it for 10% less and sold it at Rs. 999/- more than the previous selling price, he would have made a profit of 30%. Find the original cost price of the bed.

- A. Rs.2,850/-    B.Rs. 2,700/-    C.Rs.3,000/-    D. Rs.2,900/-

88. A buys an article at Rs.700/- and sells it to B at profit of 5%. B sells the same to C at a loss of 10%. How much C paid?

- A. Rs.680.50/-    B. Rs.661.50/-    C. Rs.671.50/-    D. Rs.699.50/-

89. Total profit of Rs.3600/-is to be distributed amongst A, B and C as follows:

A: B=5:4 and B: C=8:9. What is the share of C in the profit?

- A. Rs. 1200    B.Rs.1500      C.Rs. 1650      D.Rs. 1700

90. ZNJV: YMIU:: BLIW: ?

- A. AKIV      B. CHIJ      C. BTTA      D. ZGHI



91. In a line of 40 students, John stood at 30<sup>th</sup> position from left and Karan stood at 35<sup>th</sup> position from right. How many students would be there between John and Karan?

- A. 23      B. 25      C. 22      D. 21

92. 13 chairs and 5 tables were brought for Rs. 8,280. If the average cost of a table is Rs. 1,227, then the average cost of chair is

- A. Rs. 150      B. Rs. 160      C. Rs. 165      D. Rs. 175

93. If  $x = (1/3)y$  and  $y = (1/2)z$ ; then  $x : y : z$  is equal to

- A. 1:2:6      B. 1:3:6      C. 2:4:6      D. 3:2:1

94.  $4/7$  of the birthday cake was eaten on your birthday. The next day, your dad ate  $1/2$  of what was left. You want to finish the cake now. Find out how much is left?

- A.  $1/4$       B.  $3/2$       C.  $3/4$       D.  $3/14$

95. If the sides of a triangle are 26 cm, 24 cm and 10 cm, what is its area?

- A.  $120 \text{ cm}^2$       B.  $130 \text{ cm}^2$       C.  $312 \text{ cm}^2$       D.  $315 \text{ cm}^2$

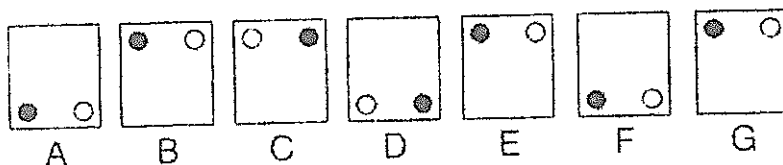
96. A sum of Rs. 2665 is lent into two parts so that the interest on the first part for 8 years at 3% per annum may be equal to the interest on the second part for 3 years at 5% per annum. Find the second sum?

- A. Rs.1678      B. Rs.1640      C. Rs.2341      D. None

97. On a certain sum, the simple interest at the end of  $12 \frac{1}{2}$  years becomes  $3/4$  of the sum. What is the rate percent per annum?

- A. 4 %      B. 5 %      C. 6 %      D. 8 %

98. Which does not belongs to this sequence?



- A. A      B. B      C. D      D. E

99. If you have me, you want to share me. If you share me, you haven't got me. What am I?

- A. Money      B. Secret      C. Property      D. None of the above

100. What occurs once in every minute, twice in every moment, yet never in a thousand years?

- A. Second      B. Minute      C. Letter M      D. Hour

**Assamese-20**

**(Assamese Language Segment)**

**অসমীয়া - ২০**

**নিম্নলিখিত গদ্যফাঁকি পাঠি শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিয়াওকঃ-**

সুকুমাৰ ডাঙৰ মানুহৰ ল'ৰা। তাৰ খাব-পিন্ধিবৰ অভাৱ নাই। স্বভাৱতে সি বুদ্ধিমান, কিন্তু পঢ়া-শুনাত হ'লে তাৰ মন নাই। তাৰ চৈধ্য বছৰ হ'ল; তথাপি সি ইংৰাজী স্কুলৰ চতুৰ্থ শ্ৰেণীতে। দেউতাকে "পঢ় পঢ়" কৰে; সুকুমাৰে আগত কিতাপ মেলি লৈ আকাশ পাতাল ভাবে। ক'ত গছত পকা আম আছে, ক'ত ঘৰৰ পানী-পাছৰ চুকত বৰলে বাহ সাজিছে, সেই বৰলৰ বাহ ভাঙি তাৰ টোপ লৈ ক'ৰ পুখুৰীত বৰশী বাই পুঠিমাছ ধৰা যাব; ক'ত গছৰ বাহৰ পৰা চবাই পোৱালী আনি পুহিব লাগিব; পোহনীয়া মেকুৰী, কুকুৰ, পহু-পোৱালীয়ে কেনেকৈ ধেমালি কৰিব লাগিব, ইত্যাদি কথাৰে সুকুমাৰৰ মূৰ ভৰপূৰ; তাত স্কুলৰ পাঠ্য কিতাপৰ কথালৈ ঠাই তাকৰ। স্কুললৈ তপতে তপতে ভাত এগাল খাই সি যায় হয়। কিন্তু পঢ়াৰ মহলা দিব নোৱাৰি শিক্ষকৰ গালি খাই শাস্তি ভুগি ফবলৈ আহে, আৰু মাকে আতৌপুতৌকে দিয়া ম'হৰ এঠা গাখীৰেৰে কোমল চাউলৰ জলপান এটা খাই, স্কুলৰ সকলো ডাবি-শাস্তি পাহৰি পেলাই লগৰীয়া ল'ৰাৰে সৈতে ধেমালিতে পূৰ্ববৰ্তে মগন হয়।

101. দাঁহেচীমা মানে কি?

- A. পকা B. কেঁচা C. জ্বাপকা আধাকেঁচা D. এবিধ ফল

102. বৰল বুলিলে কি বুজা যায়?

- A. এবিধ ফলৰ গুটি B. এবিধ কীট C. এবিধ চবাই D. ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়

103. বৰশী বুলিলে কি বুজা যায়?

- A. এবিধ সূতাৰে গুঁঠা মাছ ধৰা সঁজুলি  
B. এবিধ লোৰে নিৰ্মিত মাছ ধৰা সঁজুলি  
C. এবিধ বাঁহেৰে নিৰ্মিত মাছ ধৰা সঁজুলি  
D. ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়

104. তাকৰ শব্দৰ বিপৰীত শব্দ হ'ল —

- A. নিশকতীয়া B. অধিক C. অলপীয়া D. কম

105. তপত শব্দৰ অৰ্থ কি?

- A. সোনকাল B. কেঁচা C. গৰম D. খৰধৰ কৰা

106. কোমল চাউল

- A. গছৰ শিপাত উৎপন্ন হোৱা ফল  
B. পানীৰ তলত উৎপন্ন হোৱা এবিধ খাদ্য  
C. এবিধ চাউল যাক সিজোৱাৰ প্ৰয়োজন নাই  
D. ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়

**নিম্নলিখিত বাক্যকেইটা পঢ়ি শুদ্ধ উত্তৰ বাছি উলিয়াওক :-**

107. ডাঙৰ বিষয়াৰ কথাই নকওঁ, কনিষ্টবলেই মোৰ মনত বজা।

ডাঙৰ বিষয়াৰ কথাই নকওঁ, কনিষ্টবলেই মোৰ মানত বজা।

- A. প্ৰথম বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ  
B. দ্বিতীয় বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ  
C. দুয়োটা বাক্যই শুদ্ধ  
D. দুয়োটা বাক্যই অশুদ্ধ

108. সি কলিকতাত যাব।

সি কলিকতালৈ যাব।

- A. প্ৰথম বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ  
B. দ্বিতীয় বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ  
C. দুয়োটা বাক্যই শুদ্ধ  
D. দুয়োটা বাক্যই অশুদ্ধ

109. সি অথনি যাব।

সি অথনিকৈ যাব।

- A. প্ৰথম বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ  
B. দ্বিতীয় বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ  
C. দুয়োটা বাক্যই শুদ্ধ  
D. দুয়োটা বাক্যই অশুদ্ধ

110. তেওঁ কালি শিৱসাগৰলৈ যাব।

তেওঁ কাইলৈ শিৱসাগৰলৈ যাব।

- A. প্ৰথম বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ  
B. দ্বিতীয় বাক্যটি শুদ্ধ  
C. দুয়োটা বাক্যই শুদ্ধ  
D. দুয়োটা বাক্যই অশুদ্ধ

**শুদ্ধ উত্তৰ বাছি উলিয়াওক :-**

111. পদ্মা আছে নাভিত যাৰ তেওঁ ... ..

- A. পদ্মজ  
B. পদ্মনাভ  
C. নাভজ পদ্ম  
D. পংকজ

112. বিগত হৈছে ধৰ্ম যাৰ তেওঁ ... ..

- A. বিধৰ্মী  
B. অধৰ্ম  
C. অপম  
D. বিধৰ্ম

113. হাতে হাতে যি যুদ্ধ সেয়ে ... ..

- A. হপ্ত  
B. হাতা হাতি  
C. হাচতিয়া  
D. ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়

114. সমান উদৰত জন্ম যাৰ তেওঁ ... ..

- A. সোজন্ম  
B. সোদৰ  
C. উদৰ  
D. সজন্ম

115. বিগত হৈছে পত্নী যাৰ তেওঁ ... ..

- A. সপত্নীক  
B. বিপত্নীক  
C. বিগপত্নী  
D. বিধবা

নিম্নলিখিত যোজনা/ জতুৰা ঠাঁচৰ শুদ্ধ অৰ্থ বাছি উলিয়াওক :-

116. অধিক মাছত বগলী কণা

- A. কোনো সিদ্ধান্ত ল'ব নোৱাৰা অৱস্থা।
- B. সমাজত মিলিব নোৱাৰা অৱস্থা।
- C. সমাজৰ পৰা বহিষ্কাৰ কৰা।
- D. ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়।

117. অচিন কাঠৰ খোৰাকো নলগাবা

- A. অচিনাকী কাঠৰ বয়-বস্তু বনাব লাগে।
- B. অচিনাকী মানুহৰ সৈতে সবন্ধ পাতিব নালাগে।
- C. অচিনাকী স্থানত সতুৰ্পনে থাকিব লাগে।
- D. ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়।

118. যত কুটৰ ঘাই

- A. কাজিয়া কৰা।
- B. সকলো গোলমালৰ মূল।
- C. সকলোৰে লগত কাজিয়া কৰা।
- D. ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়।

119. ঋই পাত ফলা

- A. অকৃতজ্ঞ।
- B. উপকাৰ পাহৰি যোৱা।
- C. ওপৰৰ দুয়োটাই শুদ্ধ।
- D. ওপৰৰ (A) আৰু (B) দুয়োটাই অশুদ্ধ।

120. পোহাৰী চূপতি

- A. অৰ্থহীন তৰ্ক কৰা।
- B. মিছা কথা কৈয়া।
- C. দোকানত কথা পতা।
- D. ওপৰৰ এটাও নহয়।

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